



# CONTENTS

Г	Alutional Symphoton	\ '
	Company Information	02
	Notice of Annual General Meeting	03
	Vision & Mission Statement	04
	Directors' Report to the Members	05
	Key Operating and Financial Data of Last Six Year	10
	Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance	11
	Independent Auditor's Review Report to the Members of	
	Salman Noman Enterprises Limited on the Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corportate Governance	13
3	Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Salman Noman Enterprises Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements	14
	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	20
	Profit and Loss Account / Statement of Comprehensive Income	22
	Cash Flow Statement	23
	Statement of Changes in Equity .	24
	Notes to the Accounts	25
	Pattern of Shareholding	45
	Proxy Form	47 .

## **Annual Report**

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR



## COMPANY'S INFORMATION

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS** MR. NOMAN ALMAS CHIEF EXECUTIVE-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

> MR. ABDUL SHAKOOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR MR. MUHAMMAD AKRAM INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR MR. NAVEED AHMED INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR MR. MUHAMMAD FIAZ NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR MR. MUHAMMAD RAMZAN NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

MR ZAHID ALI NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

**AUDIT COMMITTEE** MR. NAVEED AHMED CHAIRMAN-INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR MR. ABDUL SHAKOOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

MR. ZAHID ALI NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

**HUMAN RESOURCE** MR. MUHAMMAD AKRAM CHAIRMAN-INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR AND REMUNERATION MR. MUHAMMAD FIAZ NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

MR. MUHAMMAD RAMZAN

**COMPANY SECRETARY** MR. MUHAMMAD SAEED

**AUDITORS** SHEIKH & CHAUDHRI

COMMITTEE

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

**LEGAL ADVISOR** FAISAL MAALIK BUTTER

REGISTERED OFFICE 3 - K.M. BALLOKI ROAD BHAI PHERU, DISTT. KASUR

CORPLINK (PVT) LIMITED. REGISTRAR SHARE SERVICE

WINGS ARCADE, 1-K, COMMERCIAL, MODEL TOWN LAHORE.

**HEAD OFFICE:** 41-L GULBERG-III, LAHORE - 54600

> WEB SITE: www.sntextile.com E-MAIL:snel36@hotmail.com nauman@sntextile.com

MILLS 3-KM, BALLOKI ROAD BHAI PHERU DISTT. KASUR.





2 0 2 1

## NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 36<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of Members of the Company will be held on Thursday 28th October, 2021 at 03:00 P.M. at Salman Noman Enterprises Limited, 3-K.M. Balloki Road, Bhai Pheru (Distt: Kasur) to transact the following business:-

- Recitation from HOLY QURAAN.
- 2. To confirm the minutes of the Last Annual General Meeting.
- 3. To receive and adopt the audited accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021 together with the Directors' and Auditors Report thereon.
- 4. To appoint auditors and fix their remuneration for the year 2021-2022. M/s. Sheikh & Chaudhri Chartered Accountants, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.
- 5. To consider any other business with the permission of the Chief.

By Order of the Board (MUHAMMAD SAEED) Company Secretary

Lahore: Dated: October 07, 2021

## NOTE:

- The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from October 21<sup>st</sup>, 2021 to October 28<sup>th</sup>, 2021 (both days inclusive).
- A member entitled to attend and vote at this Meeting may appoint proxy. Proxies, in order to be effective must be received by the Company not less than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 3. Shareholders who have deposited their shares into Central Depository Company are advised to bring their National Identity Card along with their CDC account number at the meeting venue.
- 4. Shareholders are requested to notify the change in address, if any, immediately

## Vision:

To strive for excellence through commitment, integrity, honesty and team work.

## Mission:

The mission of company is to operate state of the art spinning machinery capable of producing high quality carded cotton and blended yarn for knitting and weaving.

The company will conduct its operations prudently assuring customer satisfaction and will provide profits and growth to its shareholders through:

- Providing quality products and services to our customers mainly engaged in the manufacturing of textile products.
- Manufacturing of cotton and blended yarn as per the customers' requirements and market demand.
- Exploring the global market with special emphasis on Europe, USA and Far East.
- Keeping pace with the rapidly changing technology by continuously balancing, modernization and replacement (MBR) of plant and machinery.
- Enhancing the profitability by improved efficiency and cost controls.
- Recruiting, developing, motivating and retaining the personnel having exceptional ability and dedication by providing them good working conditions, performance based compensation, attractive benefit program and opportunity for growth.

Protecting the environment and contributing towards the economic strength of the country and function as a good corporate citizen.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

The Directors of the Company welcome you to the 36<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting and are pleased to present the annual report together with Audited Accounts of the Company for the financial year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

During the financial year under review the company remains close its operations and there is no production and sales of the company. Due to deprecation and some other expenses the Company showed a loss after tax Rs.29.170 million for the current year where as it was Rs. 30.745 million for the last year. The Financial results are summarized hereunder:-

		2021	2020
1 1 7 % 37 g , wh 7 Y H		Rupees	Rupees
SALES			***********
GROSS LOSS			~~~
OPERATING LOSS		(29,170,593)	(30,745,414)
FINANCIAL EXPENSES	1 1 1		
TAXATION			
NET LOSS AFTER TAX		(29,170,593)	(30,745,414)
LOSS PER SHARES		(6.53)	6.88

The factory remained closed the operations and there are no permanent employee/workers. The Company is in litigation with all the banking companies as there were no such funds to pay even the mark up of the banking companies. The complete details of the litigation cases are fully disclosed in note 18 of the financial statements. However, the company is trying to make negotiation with the creditors to settle their outstanding payments.

The matters with the banking companies are under litigation with the banking companies in the court of law and there are no credit lines available to the company.

The directors are still making a lot of efforts to start the operation and they are fully confident that they will start the operations soon.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

- a). The board has arranged directors training program for Mr. Noman Almas and he got certification as Certified Director (as required by the Code of Corporate Governance issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan) in November, 2014 under director training program held by the University of Lahore. The training program for the remaining directors not arranged as the company close its operations for a certain period of time. When the Company will start its operations the training program for the remaining directors will be conducted.
- b). The internal audit function is no more in working as the company close its operations. The board will set up an effective internal audit function as required by 5.19.21 when the operation will be started again.
- c). The Audit Committee and Human Resource Committee are no more in function as all the employees left the Company.

The company closed its operations and all the employees left the company. So once the business restart than all the relevant compliances will be made.

## **AUDITORS**

The present auditors Messer's Sheikh & Chaudhri, Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

## PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

The pattern of shareholding as required by Section 227 (2)(f) of the Companies Act, 2017 and under Code of Corporate Governance is enclosed.

Annual Report



2 0 2

## **DISCLAIMER OPINION**

The company has ceased its operations since February 2018. During the year, the Company incurred loss amounting to Rs. 29.170 million (June 30, 2020: Rs.30.745 million) and accumulated losses raised to Rs. 717.081 million (June 30, 2020: Rs.698.242 million) at the year end. In addition, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs.840.11 million (June 30, 2020: Rs.839.81 million) at the year end. This situation may result in severe liquidity crisis and inability of the company to comply with loan agreements and inability to pay long term financing from financial institutions amounting to Rs.231.367 million, short term borrowing amounting to Rs.168.691 million and accrued markup Rs.134.602 million.

The Company has ceased its operation since February, 2018 and there is no sales and production during the year under review. These conditions along with adverse key financial ratios indicate the existence of material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

 $Further\ refer\ to\ paragraph\ (b),(c),(d),(e),(f),(g),(h),(i),(j),(k),(l),(m),(n),(o),(p)\ and\ (q)\ in\ the\ Auditor's\ Report.$ 

The above refer information from Point (b) to (q) as highlighted in in the auditor's report are not provided to the auditors as all the employees left the company.

## KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA

Key operating and financial data for the preceding six years is annexed.

#### DIVIDEND

As the accounts shows considerable losses for the year therefore no dividend is recommended by the Board of Directors in their meeting for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## STATUTORY PAYMENTS

There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges that are outstanding as on June 30, 2021 except for those disclosed in the financial statements.

For a on behalf of the Board

NAUMAN ALMAS Chief Executive

Lahore,

Dated: October 07, 2021



# حصص داران کوڈ ائر بکٹرز کی رپورٹ

کمپنی کے ڈائر بکٹرزآپ کو پینتیسویں (36 ویں) سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں خوش آمدید کہتے ہیں اور 30 جون 2021 ء کو اختتام پذیر مالیاتی سال کے لئے کمپنی کے بڑتال شدہ کھا توں کے ہمراہ سالا نہ رپورٹ پیش کرنے میں مسرت کا اظہار کرتے ہیں۔

## مخضر مالياتي صورت حال

زىر جائز ە مالياتى سال كے دوران كمپنى كے آپريشنز بندر ہے اور كمپنى ميں كوئى پيداوار اور سيلز نه ہوئى فرسودگى اور ديگر اخراجات كى وجہ سے كمپنى ميں كوئى پيداوار اور سيلز نه ہوئى فرسودگى اور ديگر اخراجات كى وجہ سے كمپنى فراخراجات كى وجہ سے كمپنى كى خالاصہ ئے گذشتہ برس 30.745 مين درج كيا ہے مالياتى وتائج كاخلاصہ حسب ذيل ہے:

£2020	<sub>6</sub> 2021	" نفصال ت
ش)	(روپلول)	
		فروخت
		مجموعي نقصان
30,745,414)	(29,170,593)	فروخت مجموع نقصان فعالی نقصان
		مالياتی اخراجات
		شيكسيدش
(30,745,414)	(29,170,593)	خالص نقصان علاوه ثيكس
(6.88)	(6.53)	فی حصص خساره

فیکٹری کے آپریشنز کلی طور پر بند تھے اور فیکٹری میں کوئی متنقل ملازم/ ورکر نہ ہیں۔ کمپنی تمام بینک کمپنیوں کے ساتھ عدالتی جنگ میں ہے کیونکہ کمپنی کے پاس بینکنگ کمپنیوں کو مارک اپ کی ادائیگی کے لئے بھی رقم موجود نہ ہے۔ زیرالتو امقدامات کی کمل تفصیلات مالیاتی اسلیمنٹس کے نوٹ 19 میں بیان کی گئی ہیں۔ تاہم ، کمپنی واجبات کی ادائیگی کے لئے قرض خواہان کے ساتھ مذاکرات کررہی ہے۔ کو ڈائنس کی گئی میل

ورڈ نے سکیورٹیز اینڈ ایمینی کھیٹن آف پاکتان کے جاری کردہ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس کے تحت نومبر 2014ء میں محتر م نعمان الماس کے لئے ڈائر یکٹرزٹر نینگ پروگرام مرتب کیااورانہیں مصدقہ ڈائر یکٹری سنددی گئی۔ پیٹر نینگ پروگرام یو نیورٹی آف لا ہور کی زیرنگرانی منعقد ہوا تھا۔ بقیہ ڈائر یکٹرز کے لئے ٹرینگ پروگرام کا انتظام نہ کیا گیا کیونکہ کمپنی نے غیر معینہ مدت کے لئے اپنے آپریشنز بند کردیئے تھے۔ جب کمپنی اپنے آپریشنز کا آغاز کرے گی تو بھیے ڈائر یکٹرز کے لئے بھی ٹریننگ پروگرام طے کیا جائے گا۔

- b) داخلی آڈٹ فنکشن ابھی فعال نہ ہے کیونکہ ممپنی نے اپنے آپریشنز بند کردیتے ہیں۔بورڈ حسب ضوررت 5.19.21 کومؤثر داخلی آڈٹ فنکشن کا آغاز کردے گا اور بیآپریشنز کے دوبارہ آغاز سے مشروط ہے۔
  - c ) آ ڈٹ کمیٹی اور ہیومن ریسورس کمیٹی اس وقت فعال نہیں ہے کیونکہ کمپنی کے تمام ملاز مین فارغ ہو چکے ہیں۔

کمپنی نے اپنے آپریشنز بندکردیئے ہیں اور تمام ملاز مین کمپنی سے فارغ ہو چکے ہیں۔لہذا جو نہی کاروبار کا دوبارہ آغاز ہوگا تمام متعلقہ احکامات کی پیروی کی جائے گی۔

آۋيٹرز

میسرز شخ اینڈ چومدری، چارٹرڈا کا وَنٹنٹس ریٹائر ہو چکے ہیں اور اہل ہونے پراپنی دوبارہ تقرری کی پیشکش کرتے ہیں۔ شیئر ہولڈ تک کی وضع

کمپنیزا یک 2017ء کے سیکٹن (f)(2)(2)(2)اور کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گورنٹس کے تحت شیئر ہولڈنگ کی وضع ساتھ منسلک ہے۔ رائے دستبرداری

کمپنی نے فروری 2018ء سے اپنے آپریشنز بند کر دیئے ہیں۔ سال بھر میں، کمپنی کو 29.170 ملین روپے نقصان کا سامنا کرنا پڑا

(30 جون 2020ء: 30.745 ملین روپے) اور سال کے اختتام پر مجموعی خسارہ 717.081 ملین روپے (30 جون 2020ء: 698.242 ملین روپے) تک پہنچ گیا۔ مزید ہے کہ کمپنی کے حالیہ واجبات حالیہ اٹا شہ جات سے 840.11 ملین روپے بڑھ چکے ہیں (30 جون 2020ء: 839.81 ملین روپے) ۔ اس صورت حال میں کمپنی کو شدید کیا ہو ڈیٹی بچران کا سامنا کرنا پڑ سکتا ہے اور کمپنی قرض معاہدہ پڑھل درآ مد میں ناکام ہو جائے گی اور مالیاتی اداروں سے حاصل کردہ 231.367 ملین روپے کے طویل مدتی قرضہ جات اور معاہدہ پڑھل درآ مد میں ناکام ہو جائے گی اور مالیاتی اداروں سے حاصل کردہ 231.367 ملین روپے کے طویل مدتی قرضہ جات اور معاہدہ ہے۔

کمپنی نے فروری2018ء سے اپنے آپریشنز بند کردئے ہیں اور زیر جائزہ سال کے دوران کمپنی کی پیداوار اور سیلز میں کوئی تحریک نہ ہے۔ یہ حالات اور ابتر بنیادی مالی تناسب مادی غیریقینی کی صورت حال کا اشارہ دیتے ہیں جس کی وجہ سے کمپنی کی کاروبار جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت پر ۔ شکوک وشبہات پیدا ہوتے ہیں ۔لہذا کمپنی اپنے اٹا شرجات اور واجبات میں توازن قائم نہ کریائے گی۔

آ ڈیٹرزر پورٹ کے پیراگراف(p)،(d)،(c)،(d))،(e)،(d))،(m)،(l)،(k)،(j)،(i)،(h)،(g)،(f)،(e)،(d))،dالعہ کریں۔ آ ڈیٹرزر پورٹ میں مذکورہ بالانقاط(b) سے(n) تک معلومات آ ڈیٹرز کوفرا ہم کردی گئی ہیں کیونکہ کمپنی کے ملاز مین فارغ ہو چکے ہیں۔



بنيادي فعالى اور مالياتى اعدادوشار

گذشتہ چھے برس کے بنیادی فعالی اور مالیاتی اعداد وشار ساتھ منسلک ہیں۔

منافع منقسمه

زیرجائزہ سال کے لئے چونکہ کھاتے نمایاں خسارہ ظاہر کررہے ہیں لہذا بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزنے اپنے اجلاس میں 30 جون2021 و کواختنام پذیر سال کے لئے منافع منقسمہ کی سفارش نہ کی ہے۔

قانونی/لازمی ادائیگیاں

30 جون2021ء تک شیسز، لیوی اور جرمانہ کی مدمیں کسی بھی قتم کی لازی/ قانونی ادائیگی واجب الا دانہ ہے ماسوائے ان کے جنہیں مالیاتی اسٹیٹمنٹس میں بیان کیا گیاہے۔

برائے/منجانب بورڈ

نعمان المال چيف اليّزيكيثو

لاجور

مؤرخه: 07 اکتوبر2021ء

## Annual Report



2 0 2

## KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA OF LAST SIX YEARS:

Description	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	
Earning and Distribution							
Sale-net		-	1.77.	277,110,604	597,279,585	1,129,820,76	
Profit / (loss) before Tax	(29,170,593)	(30,745,414)	(32,203,772)	(168,658,115)	(160,932,575)	(245,286,74	
Tax	+	-	-	(2,772,714)	7,822,472	61,810,085	
Net Earning / (loss)	(29,170,593)	(30,745,414)	(32,203,772)	(171,430,829)	(153,110,103)	(183,476,65	
Dividend	-	-	-	-		2	
Retained (used) in Business	(29,170,593)	(30,745,414)	(32,203,772)	(171,430,829)	(153,110,103)	(183,476,65	
Net Earning / (loss) per share	(6.53)	(6.88)	(7.21)	(38.38)	(34.28)	(41.07)	
P/E Ratio	(0.28)	(0.28)	(0.28)	(0.05)	(0.12)	(0.12)	
Dividend declared per share	-	-	-	-	-		
Break up value per share	(84.98)	(78.45)	(71.57)	(64.36)	(25.98)	7.36	
Financial Position							
Share Capital	44,670,360	44,670,360	44,670,360	44,670,360	44,670,360	44,670,360	
Accumulated Profit / (loss)	(717,081,052)	(698,242,076)	(678,902,552)	(658,890,660)	(499,445,440)	(363,511,942	
Surplus on revaluation of fixed Assets	292,791,463	303,123,080	314,528,970	326,720,850	338,706,459	351,704,020	
	(379,619,229)	(350,448,636)	(319,703,222)	(287,499,450)	(116,068,621)	32,862,438	
Long term loans & deferred liabilities	191,263,983	191,263,983	192,093,954	201,614,275	226,269,072	333,352,886	
Total Capital Employed	(188,355,246)	(159,184,653)	(127,609,268)	(85,885,175)	110,200,451	366,215,325	
epresented							
Fixed Assets	635,291,241	664,153,934	694,591,448	726,695,219	761,062,187	796,071,755	
Long term Deposit	16,467,060	16,467,060	16,467,060	16,467,060	16,467,060	7,029,480	
Net Current Assets / (Current Liabilities)	(840,113,547)	(839,805,647)	(838,667,776)	(829,047,454)	(667,328,796)	(436,885,911)	

## STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

The total number of directors are seven as per the following

Sr. No.	Category	Gender	Total
(i)	Independent Director	Male	3
(ii)	Executive Director	Male	1
(iii)	Non-Executive Director	Male	3

2. The composition of board is as follows:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. Abdul Shakoor, Mr. Muhammad Akram, Mr. Naveed Ahmed
Executive Director	Mr.Noman Almas
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Muhammad Fiaz, Mr. Muhammad Ramzan, Mr. Zahid Ali

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than five listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 4. The company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. The board has arranged directors training program for Mr. Noman Almas and he got certification as Certified Director (as required by the Code of Corporate Governance issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan) in November, 2014 under director training program held by the University of Lahore.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.
- 12. Audit Committee

The board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises **three** members, of whom **two** are independent directors and one is Non-Executive director. The chairman of the committee is an independent director.

meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the company and as required by the Code of Corporate Governance. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance

The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

Name	Category	
Mr. Naveed Ahmed	Chairman-Independent director	
Mr. Abdul Shakoor .	Independent director	
Mr. Zahid Ali	Non-Executive Director	

a) HR and Remuneration Committee

The board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises three members, of whom two are non-executive directors and the chairman of the committee is an independent director.

The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

**Annual Report** 



2 0 2 1

Name	Category	
Mr. Muhammad Akram	Chairman-Independent director	
Mr. Muhammad Fiaz	Non-Executive Director	
Mr. Muhammad Ramzan	Non-Executive Director	

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly) of the committee were as per following:
- a) Audit Committee 05
- b) HR and Remuneration Committee 05
- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations have been complied with.

For and On Behalf of Board of Directors.

Lahore

Dated: October 07, 2021

(Muhammad Fiaz)

Chairman



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SALMAN NOMAN ENTERPRISES LIMITED

REVIEW REPORT ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE CONTAINED IN LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the 'Regulations') prepared by the Board of Directors of **SALMAN NOMAN ENTERPRISES LIMITED** (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2021 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Because of the limitation of scope as highlighted in paragraph below, we do not express any conclusion on the annexed statement of compliance.

(a) Management has not provided us the documents for review, as prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations consequently, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for conclusion on statement of compliance.

We have also expressed disclaim of opinion in our audit report to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021.

SHEIKH & CHAUDHRI CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ENGAGEMENT PARTNER: SAAD ALI RANA LAHORE 07<sup>th</sup> OCTOBER 2021

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the members of SALMAN NOMAN ENTERPRISES LIMITED

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## **Disclaimer of Opinion**

We were engaged to audit the annexed financial statements of Salman Noman Enterprises Limited (the Company), which comprise the statements of financial position as at June 30, 2021, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

We do not express an opinion on the accompanying financial statements of the company. Because of significance of matters described in the basis for disclaimer of opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the financial statements.

## Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

- a) As reported in note 1.1 of these financial statements, the company has ceased its operations since February 2018. During the year, the company incurred loss amounting to Rs. 29.171 million (June 30, 2020: Rs. 30.745 million) and accumulated losses raised to Rs. 717.081 million (June 30, 2020: Rs. 698.242 million) at the year end. In addition, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 840.114 million (June 30, 2020: 839.806 million) at the year end. The situation may result in severe liquidity crises and inability of the company to comply with loan agreements and inability to pay long term financing from financial institutions amounting to Rs. 149.511 million, short term borrowing amounting to Rs. 168.691 million and accrued mark up Rs. 134.602 million. These conditions along with adverse key financial ratios indicate the existance of material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as going concern and therefore, it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. However, these financial statements have been prepared on going concern assumption, but management has not prepared and provided to us any cash flow projections and future plans for revival of its operations;
  - b) We could not verify the existance of property, plant and equipment amounting to Rs. 635.291 million (June 30, 2020: 664.153 million) as no data and records were provided for our verification. These also could not be verified through other corroborative audit evidences;
  - c) Revaluation of free hold land, building and plant and machinery has not been carried out with sufficient regularity as required under paragraph 34 of IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment". As per the Company's adopted policy, revaluation was not carried out in current year nor in last year. We remain unable to determine whether any adjustment is necessary in carrying value of these assets on account of revaluation of deficit/surplus and no previous revaluation report were provided to us;

- d) Management has not provided to us the data and records for verification of 'Long term deposits' having reported carrying value of Rs. 16.467 million. We remain unable to verify these balances by applying other alternate audit procedures as the information was not provided to us. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary;
- e) We have not been able to observe the physical stock taking of inventories as at June 30, 2021 and no data and records were provided to us for verification. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about existence, physical condition and reported carrying values of 'Stores Spare Parts & Loose tools' and 'Stock in Trade' amounting to Rs. 30.453 million and Rs. 90.012 million respectively. We remain unable to verify these balances by applying other alternate audit procedures as the information was not provided to us. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary;
- f) Management has not provided to us the data and records for verification of 'Trade debts' and 'Trade Creditors' having reported carrying value of Rs. 2.448 million and Rs. 219.165 million respectively. We were not able to circulate letters for external confirmations to customers and suppliers because we were not provided with relevant details. We remain unable to verify these balances by applying other alternate audit procedures as the information was not provided to us. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary;
- g) Management has not provided the data and records for verification of 'Trade deposits and short term prepayments, Tax refunds due from government, withholding tax payable and provision for taxation' having reported carrying value of Rs. 1.850 million, Rs. 35.269 million, Rs. 25.846 million and Rs. 10.652 million respectively. We remain unable to verify these balances by applying other alternate audit procedures as the information was not provided to us. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary. Management has not provided to us contact details of tax advisors and we were unable to circulate to tax advisors for confirmation of relevant tax calculations and litigation issues;
- h) Management has not provided to us the records and bank statements for verification of Long term financing from banking companies amounting to Rs. 149.511 million, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease amounting to Rs. 81.855 million, long term financing from directors and others amounting to Rs. 138.683 million, long term loans from others amounting to Rs. 49.658 million, short term borrowing amounting to Rs. 168.69 million, accrued mark-up/ interest on these financing arrangements amounting to Rs. 134.601 million, short term borrowings from related parties amounting to Rs. 8.415 million, current portion of long term finances 232.519 million and cash at bank amounting to Rs. 0.252 million. We have not received any external confirmations from banks and we have not been able to circulate letter for external confirmation from directors and others because we were not provided with relevant details. We remain unable to verify these balances by applying other alternate audit procedures as the information was not provided to us. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary;

- i) Management has not provided to us the data and records for verification of Surplus on Revaluation on Property, Plant and Equipment having reported carrying value of Rs. 292.791 million. We remain unable to verify these balances by applying other alternate audit procedures as the information was not provided to us. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary;
- j) The long term finances from related parties amounting to Rs. 138.684 million remain unverified in the absence of relevant records, loan agreements and confirmation of balances from directors of the company;
- k) Management has not provided to us the data and records of deffered liabilities having carrying value of Rs. 4.074 million and trade and other payables having carrying value of Rs. 445.319 million. We remain unable to verify these balances by applying other alternate audit procedures as the information was not provided to us. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary;
- I) We have not been able to circulate letter for external confirmations to Legal advisors because we were not provided with the relevant details. We were unable to determine the impact of expected outcome of outstanding litigations on these financial statements because we were not allowed to communicate with legal advisor of the company;
- m) These financial statements have not been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Companies Act, 2017, International financial reporting standards and disclosure requirements of Fourth schedule of Companies Act, 2017 are not complied with;
- n) We have not been able to verify to all supplementary information given in the notes to the financial statements because management has not provided us the relevant records and;
- o) The Company's accounting policies on various items of financial statements and related disclosures are not in accordance with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standard and related International Accounting Standards (IAS);
- p) We were unable to verify amount of share capital amounting to Rs. 44.67 million and opening balance of all assets, liabilities and equity because neither books of accounts nor any other evidence was provided to us for verification of opening balances; and
- q) We were unable to verify admin expenses amounting Rs. 0.307 million.

## Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Company's financial statements in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and to issue an auditor's report. However, because of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropirate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Because of the significance of the matters described in Basis of Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we express no opinion whether;

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit and loss, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

Annual Report



2 0 2

## Other matter

The financial statements of Salman Noman Enterprises Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2020, were audited by another auditor who expressed disclaimer of opinion on those statements on October 05, 2020.

The Engagement Partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Saad Ali Rana.

Lahore, Pakistan

Date: October 07, 2021

SHEIKH & CHAUDHRI Chartered Accountants



# SALMAN NOMAN ENTERPRISES LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **AS AT 30 JUNE 2021**



# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	2021	2020
EQUIT AND EIABILITIES	Note	Kupees	,
Share capital and reserves			
Share capital	7	44,670,360	44,670,360
Accumulated loss		(717,081,052)	(698,242,076)
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	8	292,791,463	303,123,080
	_	(379,619,229)	(350,448,636)
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term finances from financial institutions	9	48,505,746	48,505,746
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	10		-
Long-term finances from related parties	11	138,683,905	138,683,905
Deferred liabilities	12	4,074,332	4,074,332
	_	191,263,983	191,263,983
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	445,519,693	445,419,693
Mark-up accrued on borrowings	14	134,601,511	134,601,511
Short-term borrowings from financial institutions	15	168,690,537	168,690,537
Short-term borrowings from related parties	16	8,415,800	8,207,900
Current portion of long-term finances	17	232,519,909	232,519,909
Provision for taxation	19	10,652,251	10,652,251
83		1,000,399,701	1,000,091,801
Contingencies and commitments	40		
Contingencies and commitments	18	-	-
	_	812,044,456	840,907,149

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director



2 0 2 1

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

ASSETS	Note	2021 Rupees	2020
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	19	635,291,241	664,153,934
Long-term deposits	20	16,467,060	16,467,060
		651,758,301	680,620,994
Current assets			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	21	30,453,008	30,453,008
Stock in trade	22	90,012,572	90,012,572
Trade debts	23	2,448,541	2,448,541
Trade deposits and prepayments	24	1,850,000	1,850,000
Balances due from government	25	35,269,523	35,269,523
Cash and bank balances	26	252,511	252,511
		160,286,155	160,286,155

812,044,456	840,907,149

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

M. Frai



# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	Rupee	!S
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	27	28,862,693	30,437,514
Administrative and general expenses	28	307,900	307,900
	_	29,170,593	30,745,414
Loss before taxation	-	(29,170,593)	(30,745,414)
Taxation	29		
Loss after taxation	_	(29,170,593)	(30,745,414)
		(Rupees)	(Rupees)
Loss per share (basic and anti-dilutive)	30 _	(6.53)	(6.88)
	<del>-</del>		

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021 Rupees -	2020
Loss for the year		(29,170,593)	(30,745,414)
Other comprehensive income for the year			-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	_	(29,170,593)	(30,745,414)

- The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director



# CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021 Rupees	2020
A Cash flow from operating activities Loss before taxation		(29,170,593)	(30,745,414)
Add / (Less): Adjustment for non-cash items:  Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	19.3	28,862,693	30,437,514
Operating loss before working capital changes	_	(307,900)	(307,900)
Working capital changes increase in trade and other payables		100,000	100,000
Net cash used in operating activities	=	(207,900)	(207,900)
B Cash flow from financing activities Short term borrowings from associated undertakings Net cash in flow from financing activities	_	207,900 207,900	207,900 207,900
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	26 26	252,511 252,511	252,511 252,511

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

(3)

M. Fraz Director



# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

-	Share Capital	Accumulated loss		tion surplus perty, plant	Total
_			and equipment		Equity
		Ru	upees	7 74 600 000 00 MA NO NO BOT DO NO DO NOT DO NO DO NOT DO	
As at 30 June 2019	44,670,360	(678,902,552)		314,528,970	(319,703,222)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(30,745,414)			(30,745,414)
Incremental depreciation on revaluation of property, plant and equipment for the year		6 DO DO (4)			
		11,405,890		(11,405,890)	-
As at 30 June 2020	44,670,360	(698,242,076)		303,123,080	(350,448,636)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(29,170,593)			(29,170,593)
Incremental depreciation on revaluation of property, plant and equipment for the year					
	-	10,331,617		(10,331,617)	-
As at 30 June 2021	44,670,360	(717,081,052)		292,791,463	(379,619,229)

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

(3)

M. Frag

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### 1 STATUS AND ACTIVITIES

Salman Noman Enterprises Limited ('the Company') is a public limited company incorporated under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of the Companies Act, 2017 on May 30, 2017) and listed at Pakistani Stock Exchange (formerly Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges). The registered office of the Company is situated at 03 Kilometer Bhai Pheru, Tehsil Chunian, District Kasur. The Company was engaged in manufacturing and sale of yarn. The Company had ceased its operations since February 2018.

## 1.1 Going concern assumption

The Company incurred a net loss of Rs. 29.17 million (2020: Rs. 30.75 million) resulting in accumulated losses of Rs. 717.08 million at the close of the year ended 30 June 2021. The Company's current liabilities exceed its current assets by Rs. 840.11 million (2020: Rs. 839.81 million).

These conditions along with adverse key financial ratios, the Company's inability to comply with loan agreements and inability to pay long-term financing on due dates indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast a significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. These financial statements, however, have been prepared under the going concern assumptions based on the following mitigating factors:

- a) It has been another tough year for textile industry. The Company has ceased its operations since February 2018. We suffered heavy losses not only due to market conditions and also due to shutdown of mill.
- b) We are planning to run our new frames with our full production capacity to get maximum production. We will not use old machines which consumes more man power and electricity and produce less comparatively.
- c) Overall season of cotton is very good this year. We are expecting record cotton production in this season, which is good news for textile sector. It will help our industry to run on its own available cotton rather than to import at higher rates from abroad.
- (d) We are planning to produce more specialized yarn which will help us to have more profitability.
  - e) We are also hopeful that next financial year will be better not only for us but for overall textile sector as the Government is planning to revive this sector by making reforms in this sector.

The management anticipates that above steps will not only bring the Company out of existing financial crisis but also contribute significantly towards the improvement of the Company's financial position in the foreseeable future.

## 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS OCCURED DURING THE YEAR

There is no significant transaction or event occurred during the year.

## 3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

## **Annual Report**



2 0 2

## 4 NEW AND AMENDED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

Amendments to the standards and new interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2020 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Company's operations and therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

## 5 BASIS OF PREPARATION

## 5.1 Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under historical cost convention.

## 5.2 Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, the management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

- a) Depreciation method, rates and useful lives of property, plant and equipment
- b) Revaluation of property, plant and equipment
- c) Employee benefits
- d) Recoverable amount of assets/cash generating units and impairment
- e) Taxation
- f) Provisions
- g) Contingencies

## 5.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is Company's functional and presentation currency.

## 6 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies below had been adopted in preparation of these financial statements:

## 6.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment except freehold land, building on free hold land and pland and machinary are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment in value, if any. Freehold land, building on free hold land and plant and machinery are stated at revalued amount. Capital work in progress and stores held for capital expenditure are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost also includes borrowing costs wherever applicable.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are recognized as separate items of property, plant and equipment. Subsequent costs are recognized as a part of asset, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to the income during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account applying the reducing balance method over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 19 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment is charged from the month in which they are available for use while no depreciation is charged in the year in which it is disposed off. The useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed on periodic intervals to ensure that the methods and period of depreciation charged during the year are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property, plant and equipment.

Gains or losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment, if any, are recognized in the income of the relevant year, as and when incurred. All expenditures connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work in progress. These are transferred to specific assets as and when these assets are available for use.

## **Annual Report**



2 0 2 1

### 6.2 Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets

A revaluation surplus is recorded in other comprehensive income (OCI) and credited to the asset revaluation surplus in equity. However, the increase is recorded in the statement of profit or loss to the extent it reverses a revaluation deficit of the same asset previously. A decrease as a result of revaluation is recognised in the statement of profit or loss however, a decrease is recorded in statement of other comprehensive income to the extent of any credit balance entry in revaluation surplus in respect of same assets. An annual transfer from the asset revaluation surplus to retained earnings is made for the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset and the depreciation based on assets original cost.

## 6.3 Employee retirement benefits (gratuity)

The Company was operating an unfunded and unapproved gratuity scheme (defined benefit plan) for all its permanent employees who have attained the minimum qualifying period for entitlement to the gratuity.

As the company has ceased its operations and accordingly, the company has stop providing for employee retirment benefits and amount no longer payable to employees had been written back. Hence, had not provided additional disclosures required under IAS 19.

### 6.4 Taxation

Income tax expense comprise current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in 'profit and loss account / statement of comprehensive income' or 'equity', in which case it is recognized in 'statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive comprehensive income' or 'equity'.

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is the amount computed on taxable income at the current rates of taxation or alternative corporate tax computed on accounting income or minimum tax on turnover, whichever is higher, and taxes paid / payable on final tax basis, after taking into account tax credit available, if any. The charge for the current tax also includes adjustments where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from the assessments made / finalized during the year.

#### Deferred

As the Company has ceased its operations during the year, hence the Company has not provided any further charge of deferred tax except the deferred tax liability over revaluation surplus created over assets of the Company in their financial statements. The charge of deferred tax will be eliminated at the time of the actual adjustment of total income tax liability of the Company.

## 6.5 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Loans and borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received. Financial charges are accounted for on an accrual basis and are included in markup accrued on loans and other payables to the extent of amount remaining unpaid.

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent the borrowings costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset up to the date of its commissioning.

## 6.6 Financial Instruments

## **Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or 'at fair value through profit or loss'. A financial liability is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held for trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

## **Annual Report**



2 0 2 1

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

#### Financial assets

#### a) Initial measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- (i) at fair value through profit or loss
- (ii) at fair value through comprehensive income
- (iii) measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

### b) Subsequent measurement

The financial assets are subsequently measured as follows:

- (i) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss
- These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest / markup or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.
- (ii) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest / markup income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

 (iii) Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest / markup income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On de-recognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.



(iv) Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in the statement of profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

### 6.7 Trade and other payable

#### a) Financial liabilities

These are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortized cost'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date the liability is incurred, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognized in profit or loss.

## b) Non-financial liabilities

These on initial recognition and subsequently are measured at cost.

#### 6.8 Long term deposits

These are stated at cost which represents the fair value of consideration given.

### 6.9 Stores, spare parts and loose tools

These are normally held for internal use and valued at moving average cost less allowances for obsolete and slow moving items except stores in transit which are valued at invoice values plus other charges incurred thereon up to the balance sheet date. For items which are slow moving and/ or identified as surplus to the Company's requirements, adequate impairment is recognized. The Company reviews the carrying amount of stores, spare parts and loose tools on a regular basis and provision is made for obsolescence.

## **Annual Report**



2 0 2

#### 6.10 Stock-in-trade

Basis of valuations are as follows:

**Particulars** 

Mode of Valuation

Raw material - at warehouse

at lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value

- in transit

at cost accumulated to the balance sheet date

Work-in-process

at estimated manufacturing cost

Finished goods

at lower of cost and net realizable value

Waste

at realizable value

Cost in relation to work-in-process and finished goods represents average manufacturing cost which consists of prime cost and proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal capacity. Net realizable value signifies selling price in ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

## 6.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the financial position at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and balances with banks and short-term deposits which are held to maturity.

## 6.12 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are recognized and carried at original invoice amount less an estimated allowance made for doubtful receivables based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end. A provision for impairment of trade debts and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivable. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. Debts, considered irrecoverable, are written off, as and when identified:

#### 6.13 Impairment

#### a) Financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses in respect of financial assets measured at amortized cost. The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, except for the following, which are measured at 12 months expected credit loss:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balance for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit loss, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than past due for a reasonable period of time. Lifetime expected credit losses are the losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12-month expected credit losses are the portion of losses that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months). The maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

## **Annual Report**



2 0 2 1

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering of a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Company individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Company expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

#### b) Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that an asset or group of assets may be impaired. If any such evidence exists, the asset's or group of assets' recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and fair value less cost to sell. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

## 6.14 Provisions

A provisions is recognized in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, and it is probable that an out flow of resource embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

### 6.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when or as performance obligations are satisfied by transferring control of a promised goods or service to a customer, and control either transfers over time or at a point in time. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates and government levies.

### 6.16 Related party transactions

Related party transactions are carried out on an arm's length basis. Pricing for these transactions are determined on the basis of comparable uncontrolled price method, which sets the price by reference to comparable goods and services sold in an economically comparable market to a buyer unrelated to the seller. The accounting methods adopted for various types of transactions and balances with related parties are as follows:

#### a) Sale of goods and services

Revenue from sale of goods and services to related parties is recognized in accordance with the revenue recognition policy of the Company for such transactions. Receivables against sale of goods outstanding at the reporting date are carried at amortized cost in accordance with the accounting policy of the Company for such balances.

#### b) Purchases of goods and services

Purchases of goods from related parties are recognized at actual cost to the Company. Payables against purchases from related parties outstanding at the reporting date are carried at amortized cost in accordance with the accounting policy of the Company for such balances.

### c) Dividend distribution

Distribution to related parties having shareholding in the Company is recognized in accordance with the accounting policy of the Company for dividend distribution to ordinary shareholders.

## 6.17 Determination of fair value

A number of Company's accounting policies require determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values of assets and liabilities is determined as follows:

### a) Trade and other receivables

The fair value of trade and other receivables is estimated as the present value of future net cash in flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date.

### b) Trade and other payables

The fair value of trade and other payables is estimated as the present value of future net cash out flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date.

### c) Borrowings

The fair value of borrowings is determined using effective interest method.

#### 6.18 Figures

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest of rupee.



	AST AST	2021	2020	2021	2020
	CAPITAL	Number of s	hares	Rupees	
	rized capital	10 000 000	10 000 000	100 000 000	100 000 00
Ordinal	ry shares of Rs. 10 each	10,000,000	10,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,00
	subscribed and paid up capital				
	ry shares of Rs. 10 each		-	78	
- full	y paid in cash	4,467,036	4,467,036	44,670,360	44,670,3
7.1	The shareholders' are entitled to re				
	shares and right shares as and when	n declared by the Compan	y. All shares carry "one	ote" per share without r	estriction.
7.2	There is no movement in share capit	tal during the year:			
				2021	2020
				Rupees	***********
	US ON REVALUATION OF PROPER				
Surplus	s on revaluation of property, plant and e	equipment	- note 8.1	292,791,463	303,123,0
			_	292,791,463	303,123,0
8.1	Company's own assets - net of de	ferred tax			
	At the beginning of the year			403,492,108	414,897,9
	Transfer to unappropriated profit in re- Incremental depreciation			40 224 047	44 405 0
	- Related deffered tax liabi			10,331,617	11,405,8
	Trelated deliered tax liable	iity		10,331,617	11,405,8
	Related deferred tax liabilities:			393,160,491	403,492,1
	- At beginning of the year			100,369,028	100,369,0
	- Incremental depreciation	on revalued assets		-	100,000,0
				100,369,028	100,369,0
			_	292,791,463	303,123,0
LONG	TERM FINANCES FROM FINANCIAL	INCTITUTIONS	_	232,731,403	303,123,0
	I ERM FINANCES FROM FINANCIAL  IP bearing secured finances from fine				
	Bank Limited	anciai institutions	- note 9.1	122,353,746	122,353,7
	al Bank of Pakistan		- note 9.2	27,158,199	27,158,1
	2			149,511,945	149,511,9
Less: L	ong-term finances transferred to currer	nt liabilities		, ,	,,.
	t Maturity				
Overdu	e portion of long-term finances			101,006,199	101,006,1
				101,006,199	101,006,1
			_	48,505,746	48,505,7
9.1	Soneri Bank Limited		_		
	Term Finance - I			85,095,606	85,095,6
	Term Finance - II (Frozen Mark-up)			37,258,140	37,258,1
			_	122,353,746	122,353,7
9.2	National Bank of Pakistan		_		
0.70.70.70	Demand Finance - I			22,126,199	22,126,1
	Demand Finance - II			5,032,000	5,032,0
-			_	27,158,199	27,158,1
9.3	The movement in long-term finance	es is as under:	_	-64 1 E 11 -	
	At beginning of the year	·		149,511,945	149,511,9
	Less: Paid during the year			•	-
			×	149,511,945	149,511,9
	Less: Long-term finances transferred	I to current liabilities		And the first term (term (ter	
	Current Maturity				
	Overdue portion of long-term finance	es	N. Comment	101,006,199	101,006,1
				101,006,199	101,006,1

(3)



149,511,945

149,511,945

The detail descript	tion with terms of financ	The detail description with terms of finances with each financial institution is as under -			
Description	Interest	Security Other terms and conditions Arran	conditions	2021 Rupees	2020
Soneri Bank Limited	1 month kibor + 2.00% (2020: 1 month kibor + 2.00%)	The loan is secured against joint pari passu charges of This term finance was obtained to pay off import bills of Rs. 485,666,667 (Soneri Bank Limited share of Rs. the Company related to BMRE. The Company has made 164,000,000) on all the present and future fixed assets down payment of Rs. 2.00 million and remaining (both movabale and immovable) of the Company, outstanding amount will be repayable in 12 equal Equitable mortgage with legal mortgage on House no. installments of Rs. 1.5 million and 96 equal monthly 41, Block-L, Gulberg-III, Lahore in the name of Mr. installments of Rs. 0.896 nillion along with markup due Noman Almas valuing Rs. 55,000,000 and personal from the month of March 2014.	This term finance was obtained to pay off import bills of the Company related to BMRE. The Company has made down payment of Rs. 2.00 million and remaining outstanding amount will be repayable in 12 equal installments of Rs. 1.5 million and 96 equal monthly installments of Rs. 0.896 nillion along with markup due from the month of March 2014.	85,095,606	85,095,606
			Term Finance 2 (frozen mark-up) which stands overdue and was payable in seventy five (75) equal monthly installments commenced from January 2016.	37,258,140	37,258,140
National Bank of Pakistan	3 months kibor + 2.50% (2020: 3 month kibor + 2.50%)	3 months kibor + The facility is secured against first joint pari passu This demand finance obtained for import/inland letter of 2.50% (2020; 3 charge of Rs. 135 million on fixed assets of the credit of 90 days. The loan is repayable in 12 equal month kibor + 2.50%) Company and personal guarantee of the sponsoring quaterly installments of Rs. 4.426 million each (started directors of the Company.	is secured against first joint pari passu. This demand finance obtained for import/inland letter of Rs. 135 million on fixed assets of the credit of 90 days. The loan is repayable in 12 equal nd personal guarantee of the sponsoring quaterly installments of Rs. 4.426 million each (started the Company.	22,126,199	22,126,199
			Demand Finance 2 (frozen mark-up) which stands overdue and was payable in ten (10) equal monthly installments commenced from December 2013.	5,032,000	5,032,000

**Annual Report** 



Rupees

138,683,905

138,683,905

2 0 2

10 LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE

Present value of minimum lease payments Less: Current portion of obligation

2021	2020
Rupees	
81,855,397	81,855,397
81,855,397	81,855,397

The Company has entered into lease agreements with AI Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited for acquisition of plant and machinery. It carries mark-up at 6 months KIBOR (flat) applicable after repayment of 24th installment of principal (2020: 6 months KIBOR (flat) applicable after repayment of 24th installment of principal). These are secured against joint pari passu charges of Rs. 485,666,667 (AI Baraka Bank Share of Rs. 21,000,000) on all the present and future fixed assets (both movable and immovable) of the Company, exclusive ownership of the asset under Ijarah, assignment of insurance policy of assets under Ijarah in favor of ABBPL, 10% key money of Ijarah value and personal guarantees of the sponsoring directors. It also includes frozen mark-up amounting to Rs. 8.335 million.

The Company has entered into lease agreements with First National Bank Modarba for acquisition of plant and machinery. It carries mark-up at 6 months KIBOR plus 3% (2020: 6 months KIBOR plus 3%). These are secured against title over leased assets, 20% security assets and all present and future fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantees of sponsoring directors. It also includes frozen mark-up amounting to Rs. 7.823 million.

The Company has entered into lease agreements with Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited for acquisition of plant and machinery. It carries mark-up at 3 months KIBOR plus 1% (2020: 3 months KIBOR plus 1%). These are secured against title over leased assets, ranking hypothecation charge over stock and receivable of Rs. 16 million duly insured in bank favor, ranking hypothecation charge for rs. 18.5 million over specific machinery consisting two sets Haras high speed drawing frame with all the standard accessories has already registered with SECP with 25% margin and personal guarantess of directors. It also includes frozen mark-up amounting to Rs. 2.170 million.

		2021	2020
10.1	Movement during the year is as follows:	Rupees	
	At beginning of the year At end of the year	81,855,397	81,855,397
	Acend of the year	81,855,397	81,855,397

10.2 Reconciliation of minimum lease payments with its present value is as follows:

		2021	
	Minimum lease payments	Future finance cost	Present value of lease payments
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 but not later than 5 years	93,441,246	Rupees 11,585,849	81,855,397
	93,441,246	11,585,849	81,855,397
		2020	
	Minimum lease payments	Future finance cost	Present value of lease payments
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 but not later than 5 years	93,441,246	Rupees 11,585,849	81,855,397
	93,441,246	11,585,849	81,855,397
EDM FINANCES ED	Market of the second a second	2021	2020

## LONG-TERM FINANCES FROM RELATED PARTIES

From related parties - unsecured Loan from related parties

11

11.1 Loan from related parties

As at June 30, 2015, the management of the Company has entered into agreement with directors and decided repayment terms of unsecured loan (previously repayment of the loan were not determined). According to the agreement, the tenure of loans is fifteen years with grace period of five years. These loans are unsecured and carrying markup of one month Kibor plus 0.5 percent (June 30, 2020: one month Kibor plus 0.5 percent) payable annually from July 1, 2015. The outstanding amount will be repayable in 10 equal annual installments of Rs. 13.868 million each (Starting from June 30, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2030). These includes amount of Rs. 138.683 million (June 30, 2020: Rs. 138.683) as subordinated to the loans from banking

**DEFERRED LIABILITIES** 

12

**Annual Report** 

				-	
	9			,	1
	3	A	IE	9	1
•	골	4.5		5	,

Rupees -

2021

2020

	oloyee retirement be			- note 12.1	4,074,332	4,074,332			
Def	erred taxation			- note 12.2	-	4.074.000			
					4,074,332	4,074,332			
12.1	Employee ret	irement benefits			e (tell) SCORES Valleding P	te di est			
	As the company has ceased its operations and accordingly, the company has stop providing for employee retirment benefits .								
	Hence, had not provided additional disclosures required under IAS 19.								
12.	2 Deferred taxa	tion							
	As the furture	taxable profits are not	available to the Comp	any hence no deferred	tax asset is recognize	d in the finanical			
	statements.				2021	2020			
					Rupees				
I3 TR	ADE AND OTHER P	AYABLES							
Cre	ditors				219,165,081	219,165,081			
Acc	rued liabilities				112,487,875	112,387,875			
Wo	rkers' welfare fund				104,374	104,374			
Wo	rkers' profit participa	tion fund			10,870,292	10,870,292			
Une	claimed dividend				179,651	179,651			
	hholding tax payable				25,846,764	25,846,764			
Bill	s payable - foreign L	C's payable			67,148,573	67,148,573			
Sta	iff retirement benefits	s - gratuity matured		_	9,717,083	9,717,083			
				· =	445,519,693	445,419,693			
14 MA	MARK-UP ACCRUED ON BORROWINGS								
Loi	ng term finances				77,799,331	77,799,331			
Sh	ort-term borrowings				40,588,647	40,588,647			
Lia	bilities against asset	s subject to finance lease	Э	_	16,213,533	16,213,533			
13				_	134,601,511	134,601,511			
63			Sanctioned	Limits	Amount Ava	niled			
			2021	2020	2021	2020			
			Rupee	S	Rupees				
15 SH	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS								
	Secured - from banking companies								
	inning finance	- note 15.1	270,667,000	270,667,000	151,500,976	151,500,976			
		11000 1011							
	rced demand draft-	- note 15.2			17,189,561	17,189,561			
G	uarantee	- 110te 13.2	270,667,000	270,667,000	168,690,537	168,690,537			
45	.1 Running fina	=				Esperiment of the second			
15	Various ban	ke have canctioned cre	adit facilities of Rs 27	70 667 million (2019 :	Rs. 270.667 million) f	for working capital			
	Various banks have sanctioned credit facilities of Rs. 270.667 million (2019 : Rs. 270.667 million) for working capital								
	requirements which were expired and had not been renewed by the financial institutions. These facilities carried markup ranging from 8.50% to 20.00% (2019 : 8.50% to 20.00%) per annum. These were secured against first pari passu charge on current								
	accets and fi	ixed assets, ranking char	rge over all present and	future current assets of	f the Company and pers	sonal guarantees of			
		of the Company.	go over an process and	121999	15 A. T. O. 15 CO. 15				
41		and draft-Guarantee							
13		nts the amount payable	in respect of bank quar	antee encashed which	was given by the bank to	o SNGPL on behalf			
	rnis represe	nts the amount payable	arrand on the amount of	etctanding at three month	KIROR plus 2 5% durin	og current vear			

of the Company. Markup has been charged on the amount outstanding at three month KIBOR plus 2.5% during current year.

Annual Report



2 0 2 1

			2021	2020	
16 SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS FROM RELATED PARTIES			Rupees		
	Borrowings from related parties	- note 16.1	8,415,800	8,207,900	

16.1 Loan from associated undertakings

This represents unsecured and interest free borrowings from related parties of the Company. The loan is payable on demand with mutual consent of management of the Company, therefore, the loan is classified under current liabilities. Maximum aggregate balance at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 8.415 million (2020: 8.207 million).

Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease - note 10 81,855,397 8 Long term loans from others - note 11 49,658,313 4	20
Long-term finances       - note 9       101,006,199       10         Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease       - note 10       81,855,397       8         Long term loans from others       - note 11       49,658,313       4	
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease - note 10 81,855,397 8 Long term loans from others - note 11 49,658,313 4	
Long term loans from others - note 11 49,658,313 4	1,006,199
	1,855,397
<b>232,519,909</b> 23	9,658,313
	2,519,909

#### 18 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

1

- a) Bank guarantee issued by the National Bank of Pakistan has been encashed during the period 2016-2017 for payment of sui gas bill and a demand draft has been created by the bank.
- b) Al Baraka (Pakistan) Limited has filed Suit No. 588/1, Dated: 16-09-2015 against the Company under section 9 of the Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 for recovery of Rs. 38,740,919/-, which includes cost price, taxes etc. till realization of whole amount before the Banking Court, Lahore. The Company has acknowledged its liability as per loan agreement but the amount of principal and mark-up is not reconciled with the financial institutions in accordance with the above mentioned suit. The matter is still pending in the court. Management expects that matter shall be resolved through restructuring agreement of outstanding liability.
- c) Soneri Bank Limited has filed Suit No. 65/20150, Dated: 29-10-2015 against the Company under section 16 of the Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 for recovery of Rs. 38,740,919/-, which includes cost and cost of funds before Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore. The Company has acknowledged its liability as per loan agreement but the amount of principal and mark-up is not reconciled with the financial institutions in accordance with the above mentioned suit. The matter is still pending in the court.
- d) National Bank of Pakistan has filed suit No.21/2017 against the Company before the Lahore High Court, Lahore, wherein the bank has claimed the recovery of Rs.234.986 million. The management is responding diligently to this case.
- d) Company has filed suit against First National Bank Modarba regarding lease of Gen-sets along with claim of Damages of Rs. 49,825,889/-. This suit was erroneously dismissed by the Banking Court No. III, Lahore, against which the appeal has been filed before the Lahore High Court, Lahore. There is no scope of any fiscal loss to the Company in this case. The management is diligently pursuing this case.
- e) Company has filed suit against First National Bank Modarba regarding Murabha facility along with claim of Damages of Rs. 49,765,300/-. This suit was erroneously dismissed by the Banking Court No. III, Lahore, against which the appeal has been filed before the Lahore High Court, Lahore. There is no scope of any fiscal loss to the Company in this case. The management is diligently pursuing this case.

# Annual Report

-	-		
	-	-	
			1
d	44	6	
2			1
_	6000000	100	B

2 0 2

19 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

19.1 Reconciliation of carrying values at end and beginning of the year

PARTICULARS	ı				DEPRECIATION		BOOK VALUE	Annual
	At beginning	Additions /	At end of	At beginning	Charge for	At end of	At end of	rate of dep.
	of the year	(Disposals)	the year	of the year	the year	the year	the year	
As at 30 June 2021				Rupees				% age
Freehold land	94,815,000		94.815.000					
Buildings on freehold land	276,770,457		276.770.457	170 662 647	F 30F 304	2000 000 371	94,815,000	. ;
	709,969,698		709.696.698	407 853 698	15 105 800	173,968,038	100,802,419	5.00
Electric installation	17,657,010		17,657,010	12,767,932	488 908	12 256 040	287,010,200	5.00
Office equipments	2,271,204		2.271.204	1612922	85 828	13,230,040	4,400,170	10.00 10.01
Furniture and fixtures	1,035,539		1,035,539	805.287	23,025	828 242	592,454	10.00
Electric appliances	3,983,717	1	3,983,717	3.138.449	84 527	3 220,026	760,221	10.00
Motor vehicles	2,842,623	5	2,842,623	2.411.943	86 136	0,408,070	744.74	00.01
Leased plant and machinery	281,093,510		281,093,510	127,031,946	7.703.078	134 735 024	344,544	20.02
Total - 30/June/2021	1,390,438,758		1,390,438,758	726,284,824	28,862,693	755,147,517	635,291,241	9.00
As at 30 June 2020								
Freehold land	94,815,000		94.815.000					
Buildings on freehold land	276,770,457		276.770.457	165 078 025	5 584 622	- CK2 CS3 OZF	94,815,000	
Plant and machinery	869,696,602		709,969,698	391 952 856	15 000 842	170,002,047	106,107,810	5.00
Electric installation	17,657,010		17,657,010	12 224 701	543 231	407,003,096	302,116,000	5.00
Office equipments	2,271,204		2.271.204	1 539 779	73 143	1 642 000	4,889,078	10.00
Furniture and fixtures	1,035,539		1,035,539	779 703	75.584	776,710,1	658,282	10.00
Electric appliances	3,983,717		3.983.717	3 044 530	23,304	797,500	230,252	10.00
Motor vehicles	2,842,623		2,842,623	2.304.273	107,670	3,136,449	845,268	10.00
Leased plant and machinery	281,093,510		281,093,510	118,923,443	8.108.503	127 031 046	450,060	70.00
Total - 30/June/2020	1,390,438,758		1,390,438,758	695,847,310	30,437,514	726.284.824	664 153 034	00.0

# **Annual Report**



19.2	Had there been no	revaluation, the carr	ying amount o	of the specific class of ass	sets would have been a	s follows:
				Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value
	As at 30 June 2021			*******	Rupees	
	Freehold land			3,062,215	*	3,062,215
	Buildings on freehold	d land		78,232,439	47,360,470	30,871,969
	Plant and machinery			376,526,372	215,886,448	160,639,924
				457,821,026	263,246,918	194,574,108
	As at 30 June 2020					
	Freehold land			3,062,215		3,062,215
	Buildings on freehold			78,232,439	45,735,629	32,496,810
	Plant and machinery			376,526,372	207,431,715	169,094,657
				457,821,026	253,167,344	204,653,682
					2021	2020
					Rupe	es
19.3	Depreciation for the	e year has been alloo	cated as -			
	Administrative and g	eneral expenses			28,862,693	30,437,514
	As the company's op	erations are NIL, the	depreciation is	= charged to administrative e	expenses.	
LONG-	TERM DEPOSITS					
Deposit	ts with various institutio	ns		- note 20.1	16,467,060	16,467,060
20.1	Deposits with vario	us institutions				
				utility companies and regit cost as their amortized cost		
		a <sup>n</sup> ula a				
STORE	S, SPARE PARTS AN	D LOOSE TOOLS				
Stores					7,533,403	7,533,403
Spare p	parts		e-		22,778,071	22,778,071
Loose t	ools			_	141,534	141,534
				=	30,453,008	30,453,008
					2021	2020
					Rupe	9S
STOCK	IN TRADE					Philips.

#### 22 STOCK IN TRADE

20

21

Raw material 90,012,572 90,012,572 - note 22.1

- 22.1 The stocks are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value.
- 22.2 The value of pledge stock in raw material and finished goods is Rs. 89,138,979(2019: Rs. 89,138,979).

**Annual Report** 



2020

(30,745,414)

4,467,036

2021

23	TRADE DEBTS Local debts (unsecured but considered good)	=	2,448,541	2,448,541
24	TRADE DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS Deposits - Lease Company		1,850,000	1,850,000
		=	7	
25	BALANCES DUE FROM GOVERNMENT		24,283,222	24,283,222
	Income tax recoverable		10,986,301	.10,986,301
	Sales tax refundable	_	35,269,523	35,269,523
	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	=		
26	With banks:			
	- on current accounts	_	252,511	252,511
		=	252,511	252,511
27	DEPRECIATION ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	- note 19.3	28,862,693	30,437,514
20	ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES			
28	Printing and stationery		96,000	96,000
	Legal and professional charges		72,000	72,000
	Auditor's remuneration	- note 28.1	100,000	100,000
	Other expenses		39,900	39,900 307,900
		:	307,900	307,900
	28.1 Auditor's remuneration		75,000	75,000
	Statutory audit fee		25,000	25,000
	Fee for interim review and other certifications	,	100,000	100,000

#### **TAXATION** 29

Current year's taxation 29.1

No provision for current year's taxation has been made in the financial statements as the Company has ceased its operations.

Prior period's taxation 29.2

Income tax assessments of the Company have been finalized up to tax year 2019 in accordance with deeming provision of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Numerical reconciliation between the average tax rate and the applicable tax rate 29.3

No provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements during the current year as well as last year. Therefore, numerical reconciliation between the average tax rate and the applicable tax rate is not provided.

(Rupees)

LOSS PER SHARE (BASIC AND ANTI-DILUTIVE) 30 (29,170,593)(Rupees) Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company 4,467,036 (Number)

Weighted average number of ordinary shares Loss per share - basic and anti dilutive

There is no anti dilutive effect on the basic loss per share.

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 31

The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to obtain a reasonable mix between the various sources of finance to minimize the finance related risks to the entity. The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk; a)
- Liquidity risk; and b)
- c)

The Company's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

#### 31.1 Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for establishment and over-sight of the Company's risk management framework. The executive management team is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The team regularly meets and any changes and compliance issues are reported to the Board of Directors of the Company.

Risk management systems are reviewed regularly by the executive management team to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

## 31.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter-parties failed completely to perform as contracted. The Company does not have significant exposure to any individual counterparty. To manage credit risk the Company maintains procedures covering the application for credit approvals, granting and renewal of counterparty limits and monitoring of exposures against these limits. As part of these processes the financial viability of all counterparties is regularly monitored and assessed. To mitigate the risk, the Company has a system of assigning credit limits to its customers based on an extensive evaluation based on customer profile and payment history. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

#### 31.2.1 Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	2021	2020
	Rupe	es
Trade debts	2,448,541	2,448,541
Bank balances	252,511	252,511
Trade deposits and prepayments	1,850,000	1,850,000
Long-term deposits	16,467,060	16,467,060
	21,018,112	21,018,112

#### 31.2.2 Credit quality of financial assets

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty.

#### (a) Counterparties without external credit ratings

The trade debts as at the balance sheet date are classified in Pak Rupees. The aging of trade debts at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	2021	2020
	Rupee	es
Past due 0 - 30 days	-	-
Past due 31 - 60 days	100	-
Past due 61 - 365 days	2,448,541	2,448,541
	2,448,541	2,448,541

The Company has a policy for provision for doubtful receivables based upon the age analysis which is being implemented. Based on age analysis, relationship with customers and past experience the management does not expect any party to fail to meet their obligations. The management believes that trade debts are considered good and hence no impairment allowance is required in this regard.

## (b) Other financial assets

Based on past experience the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of long term deposits and loans and advances as there are reasonable grounds to believe that these balances will be recovered.

## - (c) Counterparties with external credit ratings

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly, the credit risk is minimal.

The credit quality of Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit rating agencies as follows:

		Rating	
	Short-term	Long-term	Agency
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA
Faysal Bank Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA
The Bank of Punjab	A1+	AAA	PACRA
JS Bank Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA
Soneri Bank Limited	A1+	AA-	PACRA
SME Bank Limited	В	AA-	PACRA
Habib Metropolitan Bank	A1+	B-	PACRA
Meezan Bank Limited	A-1+	AA+	JCR-VIS
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA
Summit Bank Limited	A-1	AAA	JCR-VIS
Bank Al Habib Limited	A1+	A-	PACRA
Silk Bank Limited	A-2	AA+	JCR-VIS

#### 31.2.3 Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when the changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Company's total credit exposure. The Company's portfolio of financial assets is broadly diversified and all other transactions are entered into with credit-worthy counterparties there-by mitigating any significant concentrations of credit risk.

## 31.3 Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk reflects the Company's inability in raising funds to meet commitments. Management closely monitors the Company's liquidity and cash flow position. This includes maintenance of balance sheet liquidity ratios, debtors and creditors concentration both in terms of the overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual customer.

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

#### Liquidity and interest risk table

The following table detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities under long term financing agreements based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. For effective markup rate please see note to these financial statements. Carrying amount and contractual cashflows of trade and other financial liabilities are approximately same.

	202	21	
Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year
	Rupe	es	
149,511,945	149,511,945		_
138,683,905	138,683,905	_	138,683,905
49,658,313	49,658,313	_	49,658,313
81,855,397	81.855.397	81 855 397	-
445,519,693	445,519,693		_
134,601,511			- 2
177,106,337			
1,176,937,101	1,176,937,101	988,594,883	188,342,218
	149,511,945 138,683,905 49,658,313 81,855,397 445,519,693 134,601,511 177,106,337	Carrying amount         Contractual cash flows           149,511,945         149,511,945           138,683,905         138,683,905           49,658,313         49,658,313           81,855,397         81,855,397           445,519,693         134,601,511           177,106,337         177,106,337	amount         cash flows         1 year

		20.	20	
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Not later than 1 year	Later than 1 year
		Rupe	es	
Long-term finances	149,511,945	149,511,945	149,511,945	_
Long-term finances from directors	138,683,905	138,683,905	_	138,683,905
Long-term from others	49,658,313	49,658,313	-	49.658.313
Finance lease	81,855,397	81,855,397	81,855,397	-5,000,513
Trade and other payables	445,419,693	445,419,693	445,419,693	_
Accrued mark-up	134,601,511	134,601,511	134,601,511	
Short term borrowings	176,898,437	176,898,437	176,898,437	_
	1,176,629,201	1,176,629,201	988,286,983	188,342,218

## 31.4 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return on risk.

#### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into are denominated in foreign currencies. The Company is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in domestic currency.

## Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Significant interest rate risk exposures are primarily managed by a mix of borrowings at variable interest rates. At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

## 31.4.1 Fixed rate financial instruments

# Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

# 31.4.2 Variable rate instruments

# Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The Company does not account for any variable rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss as the Company is in litigation with the financial institutions and not charging any mark-up on these borrowings.

# 31.4.3 Price risk management

One price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The campany is not exposed to any price risk as there are no financial instruments at the reporting date to price fluctuations.

**Annual Report** 



2 0 2

## 32 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the company to classify fair value measurements and fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements of fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

(Level 1)

- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset either directly (that is, derived from prices)

(Level 2)

Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unadjusted) inputs

(Level 3)

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value. The Company has not disclosed the fair values for some financial assets and financial liabilities, as these are either short term in nature or reprice periodically. Therefore, their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value.

## 33 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's prime object when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.



Consistent with others in the industry, the company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. The ratio is calculated as total borrowing divided by total capital employed. Borrowing represents long term financing form banking companies and suppliers, long term financing from associated undertakings, long term financing from directors and sponsors and long term portion of liabilities against assets subject to finance lease. Total capital employed includes total equity as shown in the balance sheet plus borrowings.

# Annual Report ( 5NE



2 0 2 1

		Carr	ying Amount			pe, a	Maler	
			**********************	As at 30 In	ne 2021	Fair	Value	
Financial instruments on reporting date	Fair value through profit or loss	Amortized cost	Other financia		Level	Level 2	Level	Tota
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	pront or 1033				•		3	
Financial assets measured at fair value					9S	似烈力的 网络杂种布拉兹姆地名加格地地		
	-							
Financial assets not								
measured at fair value Trade debts								
	2,448,541	-		2,448,541				
Trade deposits	1,850,000	121	0.00	1,850,000		=	-	
Balance due from governmen	it 35,269,523	-	-	35,269,523	-	-	-	
Bank balances	252,511	-	-	252,511	70		*	
	39,820,575	-	-	39,820,575				
Einensiel II. L. III.								
Financial liabilities measured at fair value								
measureu at fair value		-		-	221			
Financial liabilities not								
measured at fair value								
Long term finances								
_ease obligations	-	-	289,348,417	289,348,417	-	2		
		-	81,855,397	81,855,397	: Pla		-	
Trade payables	-	-	445,519,693	445,519,693	_	_	-	
Accrued mark-up	=		134,601,511	134,601,511		-		-
Short term borrowings			177,106,337	177,106,337		0. <del>-</del>	-	-
	-	_	1,128,431,355	1,128,431,355				-
		Carryin	g Amount					-
Project.		- arryll	3 / 1110 UIII	As at 30 Juno	2020	Fair Va	alue	
	Fair value	Amortized	045 "	ns at so sume	ZUZU "======	*************		
inancial instruments on reporting date	through profit or loss	cost	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	1000						3	
inancial assets				Rupees				
reasured at fair value		**	<i>*</i>	_				
inancial assets not	1981							
Hallelal assets flot								
easured at fair value	2 448 541							
easured at fair value ade debts	2,448,541	(*)		2,448,541				
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits	1,850,000			1,850,000			*	
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government	1,850,000 35,269,523			1,850,000 35,269,523			er El	
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511			1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511			er K. Harli estimat	
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government	1,850,000 35,269,523	-	-	1,850,000 35,269,523	. :			
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government unk balances  —	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		- - - - -	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		-		
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits lance due from government nk balances	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		-	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		-
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government ink balances  annial liabilities assured at fair value	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		-	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511				
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government ank balances	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		-	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511				
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government ank balances  anancial liabilities easured at fair value anancial liabilities not assured at fair value	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511			1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511				
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government ank balances	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		_	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511 39,820,575				
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government ank balances	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		289,348,417	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511 39,820,575				
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government ank balances	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		289,348,417 81,855,397	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511 39,820,575 289,348,417 81,855,397				
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government ank balances  anancial liabilities assured at fair value assured at fair value ag term finances asse obligations de payables	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		289,348,417 81,855,397 445,419,693	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511 39,820,575 289,348,417 81,855,397 445,419,693				
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government ank balances	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		289,348,417 81,855,397 445,419,693 134,601,511	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511 39,820,575 289,348,417 81,855,397 445,419,693 134,601,511				
easured at fair value ade debts ade deposits alance due from government ank balances  anancial liabilities assured at fair value assured at fair value ag term finances asse obligations de payables	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511		289,348,417 81,855,397 445,419,693 134,601,511 176,898,437	1,850,000 35,269,523 252,511 39,820,575 289,348,417 81,855,397 445,419,693				

Annual Report

Series .	187	
200	1000	1
Ob H	TOTAL PARTY	- 1
	Ē	
-		. /
	N	NE

2 0 2

1	2021	2020
	Rupee	S
Total borrowings	315,790,242	315,582,342
Less: Cash and bank balance	252,511	252,511
Net debt	315,537,731	315,329,831
Total Equity	(379,619,229)	(350,448,636)
Total capital	(64,081,498)	(35,118,805)
Gearing ratio	-492%	-898%

# 34 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

No remuneration has been paid to directors, chief executive and executives during the year ended 30 June 2020 (2019: NIL).

## 35 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

# 35.1 Disclosure of transactions between the Company and related parties

The related parties of the Company comprise of associated undertakings, directors of the Company, key management personnel and entities under common directorship. Balances are disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements.

		2021	2020
36	PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION		
	Total number of spindles installed	28,248	28.248
	Number of spindles worked	=	
	Shifts per day		_
	Installed capacity after conversion into 20/s counts (Kgs)	9,946,319	9,946,319
	Rated annual capacity after conversion into 20's (Kgs)	3,766,757	3,766,757
8	It is difficult to describe precisely the production capacity in textile industry since it fluctuates wid count of yarn spun, spindle speed, twist per inch and raw material used etc. It would also var adopted in a particular year.	ely depending on various ry according to the patte	factors such as

## 37 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

Total number of employees at end of year

Average number of employees during the year

# 38 RECLASSIFICATIONS AND RE-ARRANGEMENTS

Corresponding figures have been re-classified and re-arranged, wherever necessary, to reflect more appropriate presentation of events and transactions for the purpose of comparison.

## 39 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been approved by the board of directors of the Company and authorized for issue on October 07, 2021.

Chief Executive Officer

Director Director

Chief Financial Officer

2021

- Numbers --

2020



2 0 2 1

## FORM 34 COMBINED PATTERN OF CDC AND PHYSICAL SHAREHOLDING AS AT JUNE 30, 2021

No. of Shareholders			)
	From	То	Total Shares Held
85	1	100	2,75
229	101	500	57,51
291	501	1,000	176,30
85	1,001	5,000	211,140
17	5,001	10,000	125,888
e 7	10,001	15,000	90,86
5	15,001	20,000	90,000
3	20,001	25,000	69,512
2	25,001	30,000	52,340
3	30,001	35,000	96,335
1	40,001	45,000	44,940
1	45,001	50,000	
2	60,001	65,000	46,500
2	65,001	70,000	125,500
1	80,001	85,000	135,500
3	85,001	90,000	81,000
1	140,001	145,000	269,670
2	145,001	150,000	143,818
1	240,001	245,000	298,302
1	285,001	290,000	240,399
1	350,001		289,918
1	660,001	355,000	350,673
1	805,001	665,000	661,500
	000,001	810,000	806,673
745			4,467,036
Categories of Shareholders		Shares Held	Percentage
Directors, Chief Executive Office and their spouse and minor chil	er, dren	1,016,173	22.7483%
Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties. (Parent Company)	,	0	0.0000%
NIT and ICP			
		246,052	5.5082%
			5.5082%
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non		246,052 185	5.5082% 0.0041%
Banks Development			
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non			
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions.		185	0.0041%
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions. Insurance Companies	ore	0 0	0.0041% 0.0000% 0.0000%
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions. Insurance Companies Modarabas and Mutual Funds Share holders holding 10% or m	ore	0	0.0041% 0.0000%
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions. Insurance Companies Modarabas and Mutual Funds Share holders holding 10% or m General Public	ore	185 0 0 1,818,846	0.0041% 0.0000% 0.0000% 40.7171%
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions. Insurance Companies Modarabas and Mutual Funds Share holders holding 10% or m General Public a. Local	ore	0 0	0.0041% 0.0000% 0.0000%
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions. Insurance Companies Modarabas and Mutual Funds Share holders holding 10% or m General Public a. Local b. Foreign	ore	185 0 0 1,818,846	0.0041% 0.0000% 0.0000% 40.7171%
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions. Insurance Companies Modarabas and Mutual Funds Share holders holding 10% or m General Public a. Local b. Foreign Others (to be specified)	ore	185 0 0 1,818,846 3,170,388	0.0041% 0.0000% 0.0000% 40.7171%
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions.  Insurance Companies  Modarabas and Mutual Funds  Share holders holding 10% or m  General Public a. Local b. Foreign  Others (to be specified)  Joint Stock Companies	ore	185 0 0 1,818,846 3,170,388 0	0.0041%  0.0000%  0.0000%  40.7171%  70.9730%  0.0000%
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions.  Insurance Companies  Modarabas and Mutual Funds  Share holders holding 10% or m  General Public a. Local b. Foreign  Others (to be specified)  Joint Stock Companies Pension Funds	ore	185 0 0 1,818,846 3,170,388 0	0.0041% 0.0000% 0.0000% 40.7171% 70.9730% 0.0000%
Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions.  Insurance Companies  Modarabas and Mutual Funds  Share holders holding 10% or m  General Public a. Local b. Foreign  Others (to be specified)  Joint Stock Companies	ore	185 0 0 1,818,846 3,170,388 0	0.0041%  0.0000%  0.0000%  40.7171%  70.9730%  0.0000%



# DETAIL OF SHARE HOLDING

S. No.	SHARE HOLDERS CATEGORY	HOLDING	% AGE
	DRS, CEO THEIR SPOUSE AND MINOR CHILDREN	/	
1	MR. NOMAN ALMAS	661,500	14.8085%
1	MR. NAUMAN ALMAS (CDC)	350,673	7.85029
2	MR. NAVEED AHMAD	1,000	0.02249
3	MR. ABDUL SHAKOOR	600	0.01349
4	MR. MUHAMMAD AKRAM	500	0.01129
5	MR. MUHAMMAD RAMZAN	600	0.01349
6	MR. ZAHID ALI	800	0.01799
7	MR. MUHAMMAD FIAZ	500	0.01129
/	WK. WOHAWIWAD FIAZ	1,016,173	22.74839
ASSOCIA	ATED COMPANIES	1,010,173	
ASSOCI,			0.00009
	100	0	0.00009
NIT and		4,900	0.10979
1	INVESTMENT CORP. OF PAKISTAN		
2	IDBL (ICP UNIT) (CDC)	753	0.01699
3	CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST (CDC)	240,399	5.38169 5.50829
		246,052	5.50827
	IAL INSTITUTION	105	0.00419
1	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN. (CDC)	185	
	FUNDS	185	0.00419
IVIUTUA	L FUNDS	0	0.00009
DENICIO	N FUNDS	0	0.00007
	N FUNDS	30,069	0.67319
1	TRUSTEE NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND (CDC)	30,069	0.67319
LOURITE	TOCK COMPANIES	30,003	0.07317
	TOCK COMPANIES	1	0.00009
1	MAPLE LEAF CAPITAL LIMITED (CDC)	1,000	0.00007
2	SHAFFI SECURITIES (PVT) LIMITED (CDC)	428	0.002247
3	TIME SECURITIES (PVT.) LTD (CDC)		0.00307
4	Y.S SECUTITIES & SERVICES (PVT) LTD. (CDC)	1,685 3,114	0.06979
		3,114	0.00977
OTHERS			0.0000
1	TRUSTEE NATIONAL BANK OF OAKISTAN EMP BENEVOLENT FUND TRUST (CDC)	1,055	0.02369
		1,055	0.02369
CHAREC	HELD BY THE CENERAL BURLIC (LOCAL)	3,170,388	70.97309
	HELD BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC (LOCAL)	0	0.00009
SHARES	HELD BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC (FOREIGN)	3,170,388	70.97309
		3,170,388	70.5750
	TOTAL:	4,467,036	100.00009
SHAREH	IOLDERS HOLDING 10% OR MORE OF TOTAL CAPITAL		
S. No.	Name	Holding	Percentage
1	MR. NOMAN ALMAS	1,012,173	22.65879
2	MRS. SHAMIM AKHTAR	806,673	18.05849
die.		1,818,846	40.71719
SHAREH	HOLDERS HOLDING 5% OR MORE OF TOTAL CAPITAL		
S. No.	Name	Holding	Percentage
1	MR. NOMAN ALMAS	1,012,173	22.6587
2	MRS. SHAMIM AKHTAR	806,673	18.0584
3	MRS. FAREEHA PERVAIZ	289,918	6.4902
4	CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST (CDC)	240,399	5.3816
	CDC INOSIEL IANIOTALLITYESTIMETT (OTTIT) THOST (CDC)	2 349 163	52 58899

During the financial year the trading in shares of the company by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children is as follows

S. NO.	NAME	SALE	PURCHASE
	NIL	Nil	Nil

2,349,163



2 0 2 1

# **FORM OF PROXY**

Deling a member of SA	ALMAN NOMAN ENTERPRISES LT	D and holder of	Ordinary shares as pe
Register Folio / C	CDC Participant No		hereby appoin
Mr./Mrs./Miss	of		or failing him/her
ENTERDRICE LTD.	ofof	who is also a m	nember of the SALMAN NOMAN
and on my behalf at the	de Registered Folio / CDC Participan	t I.DNo	as my proxy to vote for me
03:00 P.M and any adjou	e 36 <sup>th</sup> Annual General meeting of the	Company to be held or	n Thursday the October 28, 2021 at
any adjoc	annone thoroof.		
			Revenue
Signed this	day of October, 2021		Stamp(s) of Rupees Fifty
			rapees ring
		(Sig	nature should agree with the specimen nature register with the Company)
		(Sign	nature should agree with the specimen nature register with the Company)
		(Sig Sign	nature should agree with the specimen nature register with the Company)
Witness: 1		Sign	nature should agree with the specimen nature register with the Company)
63		(Signsign	nature should agree with the specimen nature register with the Company)
6		Sign	nature should agree with the specimen nature register with the Company)
Signature:		Witness:2	nature register with the Company)
Signature:		Witness:2 Signature:	nature register with the Company)
Signature: Name: Address:		Witness:2 Signature:	nature register with the Company)
Signature: Name: Address:		Witness:2 Signature: Name Address:	nature register with the Company)
Name:		Witness:2 Signature:	nature register with the Company)
Signature: Name: Address:		Witness:2 Signature: Name Address:	nature register with the Company)
Signature: Name: Address: CNIC or:		Witness:2 Signature: Name Address:	nature register with the Company)





# سلمان نعمان انظر برائز زلم يططر تفكيل نيابت دارى برائے سالانداجلاس عام

10 10 10 10 Com	بهول/ میں اور بموجب رجسٹر ڈ کھان <b>ہ</b> نمبر یا مجوزہ ہی ڈی سی کھ
رہائثیاور بموجب	
کو یااس کے نہ آنے کی صورت میں	شر دُ کھا تەنمبر یا   مجوزه سی دُی سی کھا تەنمبر
	ى اور بموجب رجسر ڈ کھا
_كواپني جگه بروز جعرات بتاريخ 28 اكتوبر 2021 بوقت دوپېر 00: 3-	
، جو بھی ہوگا میں رائے دہندگی کے لئے نمائندہ مقرر کرتا 1 کرتی 1 کرتے	
	-0.1/
پچاس روپ کی رسیدی ٹکٹ	
چپاں کریں	يُّ:ا كَوْبِر 2021 كُود شخط كيا گيا
مینی کے ریکارڈ کے مطابق و سخط	
گواه نمبر: 2	ەنمبر: 1
English Secretarian	غط
وستثوط	ы
<u></u> γι	
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
	, *, , , *
\$	قى كاردۇنمبريا
شناختی کار دُنمبریا ———— پاسپورٹ نمبر	ورٹ تمبر